NSF/ANSI 350 Series WWT 2014-12: Tom presented the issues and the proposed change and the background for the issue.

1.4 Performance classification

For the purpose of this Standard, systems are classified according to the chemical, biological, and physical characteristics of their effluents as determined by the performance testing and evaluations described herein.

Graywater treatment systems within a manufacturer's model series may be classified according to the performance testing and evaluation of the system (8.1) expected to produce the poorest effluent quality within the series based upon design characteristics. A series is limited to treatment capacities below 1,514 L/day (400 gal/day), and treatment capacities between 1,514 L/day (400 gal/day) and 5,678 L/day (1,500 gal/day).

Motion by Ron Suchecki to send the language as proposed above to ballot; seconded by Roxanne Groover.

Discussion: This is only in section 1.4; this does not change the scope of the standard for sizing of the system. There was a question about selecting the worst case system – this is not covered in the selection criteria. The BNQ standard has taken the approach with no upper limit for size and no criteria for picking but they have a BNQ committee for choosing systems. There has been some discussion around this idea of setting guidelines for selecting systems and there was no consensus at this point. There was thought that this should mimic 4-fold limitation in standard 40 but that does not work within this scope.

A friendly amendment was to scale this within 1000 gallons of the original system. This was not accepted by Ron Suchecki as the original motion proponent. Original motion stands.

Vote: Majority affirmative; one negative.

Motion passed.